

Appendix A

Borehole Logs and Explanation Sheets

Borehole No. **BH1**

Engineering Log - Borehole

Sheet 1 of 4
Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **12.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **12.10.2007**









Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **NEAR EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model and mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU Easting: 531336 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 29.3
hole diameter: 100 mm Northing: 6798300 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information							material substance											
method	penetration			support	water	notes samples, tests, etc	RL	depth metres	graphic log	classification symbol	material soil type: plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components.	moisture condition	consistency/ density index	pocket penetro- meter				structure and additional observations
	1	2	3											100 kPa	200 kPa	300 kPa	400 kPa	
TCAD			CM				29	1		SC	TOPSOIL: Sandy Clay, medium plasticity, dark brown, sand is fine to medium grained pp=80kPa	M	F					TOPSOIL/COLLUVIUM
						D			CH	Silty CLAY: medium plasticity, pale orange pp=150kPa			St					RESIDUAL SOIL
							28				Borehole BH1 continued as cored hole							
							2											
							27											
							3											
							26											
							4											
							25											
							5											
							24											
							6											
							23											
							7											
							22											
							8											

method	support	notes, samples, tests	classification symbols and soil description	consistency/density index
AS auger screwing*	M mud N nil	U ₅₀ undisturbed sample 50mm diameter	based on unified classification system	VS very soft
AD auger drilling*	C casing	U ₆₃ undisturbed sample 63mm diameter		S soft
RR roller/tricone	penetration 1 2 3 4	D disturbed sample		F firm
W washbore		N standard penetration test (SPT)		St stiff
CT cable tool		N* SPT - sample recovered		VSt very stiff
HA hand auger		Nc SPT with solid cone		H hard
DT diatube		V vane shear (kPa)		Fb friable
B blank bit		P pressuremeter		VL very loose
V V bit		Bs bulk sample		L loose
T TC bit		E environmental sample		MD medium dense
*bit shown by suffix e.g. ADT		R refusal		D dense
			moisture	VD very dense
			D dry	
			M moist	
			W wet	
			Wp plastic limit	
			WL liquid limit	

Borehole No. **BH1**

Sheet 2 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **12.10.2007**













Principal:

Date completed: **12.10.2007**Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **NEAR EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU										Easting: 531336		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 29.3				
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid:										Northing: 6798300		bearing:		datum: AHD				
drilling information					material substance					rock mass defects								
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₅₀ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	defect spacing mm	defect description			
								VL	L	M	H	VH			EH	RQD %	30	100
			29															
				1		Continued from non-cored borehole												
NMLC			28			Silty CLAY: high plasticity, brown to pale grey, with traces of fine grained sand, very stiff to hard pp=310kPa pp=600kPa	RS											
				2		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, orange/red to pale grey, distinctly bedded fining upwards	EW HW										PT, 20°, PL, RO, CO, Clay	
			27														PT, 20°, PL, RO, CN	
				3														
			26															
				4														
			25														SM, 60°, PL, SO, Clay, 150 mm	
				5		Colour change to pink	MW											
			24															
				6														
		23				colour change to pale orange												
		22				Colour change to pale grey at 6.5 m.											JT, 65°, PL, RO, CN	
				7														
				8														
method					core-lift		water		weathering			defect type			roughness			
DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core					 casing used  barrel withdrawn		 10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss		FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW)			JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam			VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided			
					graphic log/core recovery				strength			planarity			coating			
					 core recovered  - graphic symbols  indicate material  no core recovered		 water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown		VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high			PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular			CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating			

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Principal:

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Borehole Location: **NEAR EXISTING QUARRY**

Borehole No. **BH1**

Sheet 3 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Date started: **12.10.2007**











Date completed: **12.10.2007**

Logged by: **ALB**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU Easting: 531336 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 29.3
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid: Northing: 6798300 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information					material substance					rock mass defects							
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description	
								VL	L	M	H	VH				EH	type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness
NMLC				21		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, orange/red to pale grey, distinctly bedded fining upwards (<i>continued</i>)	MW					0.49	0.39			SM, 85°, IR, SO, Clay, 8 mm	General: PT, 20°, PL, RO, CN
						SILTSTONE: grey, indistinctly bedded										SM, 81°, IR, SO, Clay, 5 mm	
				9		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded											
				20		Colour change to orange/red from 9.2 to 10.5 m.											
				10													
				19													
				11												JT, 64°, PL, RO, CN	
				18													
				12													
				17													
				13													
				16													
				14		Biotite pn parting faces from 13.7-14.8 m.										PT, 13°, PL, RO, CO BIOTITE PT, 15°, PL, RO, CO, BIOTITE	General: PT, 12-17°, PL, RP, CN
				15		Colour change to orange at 14.3 m.										JT, 78°, PL, RO, CN	
				15													
				14													
				16													

method	core-lift	water	weathering	defect type	roughness
DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core	 casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered  - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered	 10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular	VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating

Borehole No. **BH1**

Sheet 4 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **12.10.2007**

Principal:










Date completed: **12.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **NEAR EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU				Easting: 531336		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 29.3											
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid:				Northing: 6798300		bearing:		datum: AHD											
drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects											
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material	weathering alteration	estimated strength	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa	D- diam- etral A- axial	defect spacing mm	defect description							
						rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components						type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness							
NMLC			13			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded (<i>continued</i>)	MW												
				17															
			12																
				18		NO CORE=0.90 m													
				11															
				19		SANDSTONE: medium to fine grained, pale grey	HW												
				10			MW												
				20															
			9																
				21		BH1 terminated at 20.3 m due to limit of required investigation. BH1 terminated at 20.3m													
				8															
				22															
				7															
				23															
				6															
				24															
method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core				core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered				water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown				weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high				defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating			

Borehole No. **BH2**

Sheet 1 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **15.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **15.10.2007**






Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **NORTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model and mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU Easting: 531199 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 28.7
hole diameter: 100 mm Northing 6798403 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information							material substance									
method	penetration			support	water	notes samples, tests, etc	RL	depth metres	graphic log	classification symbol	material soil type: plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components.	moisture condition	consistency/ density index	pocket penetro- meter kPa	structure and additional observations	
	1	2	3													
TCAD			C				28	1		SW	TOPSOIL: Sand, medium grained, orange/brown, with traces of CH clay and organics	M	L			TOPSOIL/COLLUVIUM
											Borehole BH2 continued as cored hole					
							27	2								
							26	3								
							25	4								
							24	5								
							23	6								
							22	7								
							21	8								

method	support	notes, samples, tests	classification symbols and soil description	consistency/density index
AS auger screwing*	M mud N nil	U ₅₀ undisturbed sample 50mm diameter	based on unified classification system	VS very soft
AD auger drilling*	C casing	U ₆₃ undisturbed sample 63mm diameter		S soft
RR roller/tricone	penetration 1 2 3 4	D disturbed sample		F firm
W washbore		N standard penetration test (SPT)		St stiff
CT cable tool		N* SPT - sample recovered		VSt very stiff
HA hand auger		Nc SPT with solid cone		H hard
DT diatube		V vane shear (kPa)		Fb friable
B blank bit		P pressuremeter		VL very loose
V V bit		Bs bulk sample		L loose
T TC bit		E environmental sample		MD medium dense
*bit shown by suffix e.g. ADT		R refusal		D dense
				VD very dense

Borehole No. **BH2**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 2 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**Date started: **15.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **15.10.2007**Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **NORTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU										Easting: 531199		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 28.7				
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid:										Northing: 6798403		bearing:		datum: AHD				
drilling information					material substance					rock mass defects								
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	defect spacing mm	defect description			
								VL	L	M	H	VH			EH	RQD %	30	100
			28	1		Continued from non-cored borehole												
NMLC			27	2		SAND: fine to coarse grained, brown/orange SANDSTONE: fine grained, orange and pale grey, distinctly bedded, remoulds to SP-fine grained sand, with some medium plasticity clay pp=240kPa	RS XW										SM, 20°, PL, SO, Clay, 80 mm	
			26	3														
			25	4		pp=160kPa SILTSTONE: white, indistinctly laminated, remoulds to a low plasticity clayey silt, very stiff											PT, 7°, PL, SO, CN	
			24	5		SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale grey, remoulds to SW, sandstone												
			24			SILTSTONE: pale grey, laminated pp=250kPa	HW											PT, 3°, PL, SO, CN
			23	6		SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale orange, distinctly bedded, fining upwards												
			23			NO CORE=0.10 m												
			23			SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, orange to pale grey, distinctly bedded	HW											SM, 6°, L, SO, Clay, 80 mm
					pp=100kPa Colour change to pale grey at 6.1 m.	MW											SM, 4°, PL, SO, Clay, 20 mm	
																	SM, 5°, PL, SO, Clay, 80 mm	
			22															
			21	7													PT, 5°, PL, RO, CN	

Borehole No. **BH2**

Sheet 3 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **15.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **15.10.2007**Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: ***NORTH OF EXISTING QUARRY***

Checked by:

[illegible]

Borehole No. **BH2**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 4 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **15.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **15.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**










Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **NORTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU Easting: 531199 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 28.7
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid: Northing: 6798403 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information					material substance					rock mass defects							
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description	
								VL	L	M	H	VH				EH	particular
NMLC						SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, orange to pale grey, distinctly bedded <i>(continued)</i> Colour change to pale grey at 16.05 m.	HW									SM, 4°, PL, SO, Clay, 40 mm	
			12	17	SW							D 0.69 A 0.59	85			CS, 5°, PL, RO, CN	
			11	18								D 0.59 A 0.66					
			10	19									100				
			9	20								D 0.79 A 1.26					
				20		SILTSTONE: dark grey, laminated coaliferous											
						SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, grey											
				8	21	SILTSTONE: dark grey, laminated BH2 terminated due to limit of required investigation. BH2 terminated at 20.3m											
				7	22												
				6	23												
				5	24												

method	core-lift	water	weathering	defect type	roughness
DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core	 casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered	 10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular	VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating

Borehole No. **BH3**

Engineering Log - Borehole

Sheet 1 of 4
Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **16.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **16.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**





Borehole Location: **EASTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model and mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU Easting: 531657 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 36.2
hole diameter: 100 mm Northing 6797945 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information				material substance									
method	penetration	support	water	notes samples, tests, etc	RL	depth metres	graphic log	classification symbol	material soil type: plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components.	moisture condition	consistency/ density index	pocket penetro- meter kPa	structure and additional observations
1	2	3											
TCAD		CM			36			SC	TOPSOIL: Clayey Sand, fine to coarse grained, dark brown, clay is medium plasticity, traces of rootlets and organics	M	L		RESIDUAL TOPSOIL
						1		SP	SAND: fine to medium grained, orange/brown, traces of very low strength sandstone		D		EXTREMELY WEATHERED ROCK
					35			SP	SAND: fine to medium grained, pale orange/brown, with trace of medium plasticity clay Borehole BH3 continued as cored hole		VD		
						2							
						3							
						4							
						5							
						6							
						7							
						8							

method
AS auger screwing*
AD auger drilling*
RR roller/tricone
W washbore
CT cable tool
HA hand auger
DT diatube
B blank bit
V V bit
T TC bit
*bit shown by suffix
e.g. ADT

support
M mud N nil
C casing
penetration
1 2 3 4
 no resistance ranging to refusal
water
 10/1/98 water level on date shown
 water inflow
 water outflow

notes, samples, tests
U₅₀ undisturbed sample 50mm diameter
U₆₃ undisturbed sample 63mm diameter
D disturbed sample
N standard penetration test (SPT)
N* SPT - sample recovered
Nc SPT with solid cone
V vane shear (kPa)
P pressuremeter
Bs bulk sample
E environmental sample
R refusal

classification symbols and soil description
based on unified classification system
moisture
D dry
M moist
W wet
Wp plastic limit
WL liquid limit

consistency/density index
VS very soft
S soft
F firm
St stiff
VSt very stiff
H hard
Fb friable
VL very loose
L loose
MD medium dense
D dense
VD very dense

Borehole No. **BH3**

Sheet 2 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **16.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **16.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **EASTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU Easting: 531657 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 36.2
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid: Northing: 6797945 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information					material substance					rock mass defects						
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	defect spacing mm	defect description	
								VL	L	M	H	VH			EH	type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness
			36													
				1												
			35			Continued from non-cored borehole										
NMLC						SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale orange to pale grey and red, indistinctly bedded	HW									
				2												
			34													
				3												
			33													
				4		SILTSTONE: pale grey, interbedded with 100 mm width sandstone interbedded, fine grained										
			32			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, white and pink to pale grey, distinctly bedded	MW									
				5		Colour change to pale grey from 5.0m	SW									
			31													
				6												
			30													
				7												
			29													
				8												

method	core-lift	water	weathering	defect type	roughness
DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core	casing used barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material no core recovered	10/1/98 water level on date shown water inflow partial drill fluid loss complete drill fluid loss water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular	VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating

Borehole No. **BH3**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 3 of 4
Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **16.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **16.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**










Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **EASTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU		Easting: 531657		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 36.2	
hole diameter: 100 mm		Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797945		bearing: datum: AHD	

drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects				
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength VL L M H VH EH	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD % 30 100 300 1000 3000	defect spacing mm	defect description type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness
												particular
NMLC			28			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, white and pink to pale grey, distinctly bedded (continued)	SW					
			27	9					D 4.25 A 5	100		
			26	10		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, banded orange-brown and red-brown	HW					
			25	11					D 2.23 A 2.15	94		
			24	12		Fine to coarse grained from 11.5 m.			D 2.23 A 3.13			
			23	13					D 0.87 A 1.06			
			22	14						0		
			21	15					D 0.54 A 0.56			
			16	16						80		SM, 10°, PL, SO, Clay, 250 mm

method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core	core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered	water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular	roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating
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General: PT, 10-15°, PL, RO, CN

Borehole No. **BH3**

Sheet 4 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **16.10.2007**

Principal:










Date completed: **16.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **EASTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU				Easting: 531657		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 36.2						
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid:				Northing: 6797945		bearing:		datum: AHD						
drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects						
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength VL L M H VH EH	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- A- axial	RQD % 30 100 300 1000 3000	defect spacing mm	defect description type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness		
NMLC			20			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, banded orange-brown and red-brown (continued)	HW		D A 0.74 0.75			SM, 10°, PL, SO, Clay, 25 mm		
			19							80		JT, 65°, UN, SO, CO, Clay JT, 62°, UN, SO, CO, Clay		
			18			Colour change to banded white and orange at 18.2 m.			D A 0.15 0.84			JT, 60°, UN, RO, CO, Fe		
			17						D A 3.41 2.27					
			20						D A 4.59 4.86	77		JT, 72°, UN, RO, CO, Fe		
			21						D A 1.89 1.97			JT, 20°, IR, RO, CO, Fe		
			22			BH3 terminated at 21.65 due to direction of client. BH3 terminated at 21.65m								
			23											
			24											
method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core			core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered			water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown			weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high			defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating		

Borehole No. **BH4**

Engineering Log - Borehole

Sheet 1 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **17.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **19.10.2007**







Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **SOUTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model and mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU Easting: 531440 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 50.2
hole diameter: 100 mm Northing 6797931 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information						material substance									
method	penetration			support	water	notes samples, tests, etc	RL	depth metres	graphic log	classification symbol	material soil type: plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components.	moisture condition	consistency/ density index	pocket penetro- meter kPa	structure and additional observations
	1	2	3												
TCAD			CM			50		SP	TOPSOIL: Sand, fine to coarse grained, dark brown, with traces of high plasticity clay, organics and rootlets	M	L				TOPSOIL/RESIDUAL SOIL
						1		SP			SAND: fine to coarse grained, orange/brown				
						49			Borehole BH4 continued as cored hole						
							2								
						48									
							3								
						47									
							4								
						46									
							5								
						45									
							6								
						44									
							7								
						43									
							8								

method	support	notes, samples, tests	classification symbols and soil description	consistency/density index
AS auger screwing*	M mud N nil	U ₅₀ undisturbed sample 50mm diameter	based on unified classification system	VS very soft
AD auger drilling*	C casing	U ₆₃ undisturbed sample 63mm diameter		S soft
RR roller/tricone		D disturbed sample		F firm
W washbore		N standard penetration test (SPT)		St stiff
CT cable tool		N* SPT - sample recovered		VSt very stiff
HA hand auger		Nc SPT with solid cone		H hard
DT diatube		V vane shear (kPa)		Fb friable
B blank bit		P pressuremeter		VL very loose
V V bit		Bs bulk sample		L loose
T TC bit		E environmental sample		MD medium dense
*bit shown by suffix e.g. ADT		R refusal		D dense
				VD very dense

Borehole No. **BH4**

Sheet 2 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **17.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **19.10.2007**Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: ***SOUTH OF EXISTING QUARRY***

Checked by:

drill model & mounting:PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU						Easting:	531440		slope:	-90°	R.L. Surface:	50.2					
hole diameter:						100 mm Drilling fluid:		Northing:	6797931		bearing:	AHD					
drilling information						material substance				rock mass defects							
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description	
								VL	L	M	H	VH				EH	particular
			50														
				1		Continued from non-cored borehole											
NMLC			49			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, orange to pale grey	XW						<<				
				2		Becoming pale grey from 2.0m pp=400kPa	HW										SM, 88°, IU, SO Clay, 30 mm
			48				MW				D A 0.150.13	52					SM, 5°, IR, SO, Clay, 90 mm
			47														Sm, 86°, IR, SO, Clay, 15 mm
			46			Fine to coarse grained from 4.1 m.					D A 0.590.74						SM, 11°, L, SO, Clay, 40 mm
			45				SW				D A 2.9 2.52	97					
			44														
			43								D A 1.89 2.75						
			8									90					
method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core			core-lift casing used barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material no core recovered			water 10/1/98 water level on date shown water inflow partial drill fluid loss complete drill fluid fluid loss water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown			weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high				defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating				

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Principal:

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Borehole Location: **SOUTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Borehole No. **BH4**

Sheet 3 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Date started: **17.10.2007**

Date completed: **19.10.2007**

Logged by: **ALB**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU		Easting: 531440		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 50.2							
hole diameter: 100 mm		Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797931		bearing: datum: AHD							
drilling information			material substance			rock mass defects							
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material	weathering alteration	estimated strength	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa	D- diam- A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description
						rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components							type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness
													particular
													general
NMLC			42			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, orange to pale grey (<i>continued</i>)	SW						
				9			MW			D 0.64 A 0.78	90		SM, 10°, PL, SO, Clay, 10 mm
			41										
				10			HW			D 0.21 A 0.23			
			40			Colour change to orange at 10.5 m.							
				11									
			39										
				12		SILTSTONE: grey and pale grey, laminated with some 100 mm width interbeds of fine pale grey sandstone pp=550kPa	HW			D 0.02 A 0.02	74		SO, SM, 10°, PL, SO, Clay, 50 mm
			38				DW						
				13						D 0.31 A 0.66			
			37							D 0.17 A 0.75			
				14									
			36										
				15		SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded, fining upwards	SW			D 0.34 A 0.93	100		SM, 10°, PL, SO, Clay, 20 mm
			35										
				16									

Borehole No. **BH4**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 4 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **17.10.2007**

Principal:










Date completed: **19.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **SOUTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU		Easting: 531440		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 50.2								
hole diameter: 100 mm		Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797931		bearing: datum: AHD								
drilling information			material substance				rock mass defects							
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength VL L M H VH EH	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD % 30 100 300 1000 3000	defect spacing mm	defect description type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness		
NMLC			34			SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded, fining upwards (continued)	SW		D 0.9 A 0.99					
			33	17						100		SM, 15°, sandy clay 3mm		
			32	18					D 3.24 A 4.36					
			31	19					D 3.75 A 4.66	100				
			30	20								SM, 5°, PL, RO, Sand and Clay		
			29	21					D 3.91 A 5.54					
			28	22					D 3.91 A 2.75	100				
			27	23										
			26	24					D 2.56 A 2.86					
method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core			core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered			water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown			weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high			defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating		

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Principal:

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Borehole Location: **SOUTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Borehole No. **BH4**

Sheet 5 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Date started: **17.10.2007**

Date completed: **19.10.2007**










Logged by: **ALB**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU Easting: 531440 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 50.2
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid: Northing: 6797931 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information					material substance								rock mass defects									
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	defect spacing mm	defect description							
								VL	L	M	H	VH			EH	RQD %	type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness	particular	general			
NMLC			26			SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded, fining upwards (continued)	SW								100							
				25																		
			25																			
				26																		
			24																			
				27				FR														
			23																			
				28																		
			22																			
				29																		
			21																			
			30																			
		20																				
			31																			
		19																				
			32																			

General: PT, 8-15°, PL, RO, CN

method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core	core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered	water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular	roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating
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Borehole No. **BH4**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 6 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **17.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **19.10.2007**










Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **SOUTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU		Easting: 531440		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 50.2								
hole diameter: 100 mm		Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797931		bearing: datum: AHD								
drilling information			material substance			rock mass defects								
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material	weathering alteration	estimated strength	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa	D- diam- etral	A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description
						rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components								type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness
NMLC			18			SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded, fining upwards (continued)	FR					100		
				33										
			17											
				34		Colour change to orange-brown and grey from 33.9m to 37.7m.	MW							
			16											
				35										
			15											
				36										
			14											
				37										
			13											
				38										
			12											
				39										
			11											
				40										

method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core	core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered	water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating
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Borehole No. **BH4**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 7 of 7
Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **17.10.2007**

Principal:










Date completed: **19.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **SOUTH OF EXISTING QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: PIONEER 160 4wd ISUZU				Easting: 531440		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 50.2						
hole diameter: 100 mm				Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797931		bearing: datum: AHD						
drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects						
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength VL L M H VH EH	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD % 30 100 300 1000 3000	defect spacing mm	defect description type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness		
NMLC			10			SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded, fining upwards (continued)	FR		D A 3.91 5.27	100		General: PT, 8-15°, PL, RO, CN		
			41											
			9											
			42						D A 4.59 6.19					
			8			BH4 terminated at 42.3 due to limit of required investigation. BH4 terminated at 42.3m								
				43										
				7										
				44										
				6										
				45										
				5										
				46										
				4										
				47										
				3										
				48										
method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core			core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered			water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown			weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high			defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating		

Borehole No. **BH5**

Sheet 1 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **22.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **22.10.2007**








Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**


Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **WESTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model and mounting: P120 CANTER 4wd Easting: 531105 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 47.2
hole diameter: 100 mm Northing 6797994 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information						material substance										
method	penetration			support	water	notes samples, tests, etc	RL	depth metres	graphic log	classification symbol	material soil type: plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components.	moisture condition	consistency/ density index	pocket penetro- meter kPa	structure and additional observations	
	1	2	3													
TCAD				C	SPT 10,25 N*=R	47		SP	SAND: fine to medium grained, red/brown to orange/brown, traces of fine to coarse grained gravel and medium plasticity clay	M	L				RESIDUAL SOIL	
						1		SC								Trace of rootlets to 0.9 m.
						46			Borehole BH5 continued as cored hole							
						</										

method	support	notes, samples, tests	classification symbols and soil description	consistency/density index
AS auger screwing* AD auger drilling* RR roller/tricone W washbore CT cable tool HA hand auger DT diatube B blank bit V V bit T TC bit *bit shown by suffix e.g. ADT	M mud C casing penetration 1 2 3 4  no resistance ranging to refusal water 10/1/98 water level on date shown water inflow water outflow	U ₅₀ undisturbed sample 50mm diameter U ₆₃ undisturbed sample 63mm diameter D disturbed sample N standard penetration test (SPT) N* SPT - sample recovered Nc SPT with solid cone V vane shear (kPa) P pressuremeter Bs bulk sample E environmental sample R refusal	based on unified classification system moisture D dry M moist W wet Wp plastic limit WL liquid limit	VS very soft S soft F firm St stiff VSt very stiff H hard Fb friable VL very loose L loose MD medium dense D dense VD very dense

Borehole No. **BH5**

Sheet 2 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **22.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **22.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **WESTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: P120 CANTER 4wd				Easting: 531105		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 47.2			
hole diameter: 100 mm				Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797994		bearing: datum: AHD			
drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects			
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- A- axial	defect spacing mm	defect description type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness
			47								
				1							
			46			Continued from non-cored borehole					
NMLC				2		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, orange/brown, remoulds to medium plasticity clayey sand, indistinctly bedded	XW		D 0.02 A 0.02	0	
			45								
				3		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, orange and pale grey, distinctly bedded	HW		D 0.09 A 0.07	60	
			44								
				4							JT, 39°, IR, RO, CO, Clay
			43						D 0.01 A 0.01	45	
				5							
			42						D 0.09 A 0.15	84	
				6							SM, 61°, PL, SO, Clay, 10 mm
			41						D 0.14 A 0.13	100	
				7							SM, 10°, PL, SO, Clay, 50 mm
			40								
				8							

General: PT, 5-13°, PL, RO, CN

method
DT diatube
AS auger screwing
AD auger drilling
RR roller/tricone
CB claw or blade bit
NMLC NMLC core
NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core

core-lift
casing used
barrel withdrawn
graphic log/core recovery
core recovered
- graphic symbols indicate material
no core recovered

water
10/1/98 water level on date shown
water inflow
partial drill fluid loss
complete drill fluid loss
water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown

weathering
FR fresh
SW slightly weathered
MW moderately weathered
HW highly weathered
XW extremely weathered
DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW)
strength
VL very low
L low
M medium
H high
VH very high
EH extremely high

defect type
JT joint
PT parting
SM seam
SZ sheared zone
SS sheared surface
CS crushed seam
planarity
PL planar
CU curved
UN undulating
ST stepped
IR irregular
roughness
VR very rough
RO rough
SO smooth
SL slickensided
coating
CN clean
SN stained
VN veneer
CO coating

Borehole No. **BH5**

Sheet 3 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **22.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **22.10.2007**










Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **WESTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: P120 CANTER 4wd		Easting: 531105		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 47.2						
hole diameter: 100 mm		Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797994		bearing: datum: AHD						
drilling information			material substance			rock mass defects						
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material	weathering alteration	estimated strength	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description
						rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components						type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness
NMLC			39			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, orange and pale grey, distinctly bedded (continued)	HW			100		SM, 14°, PL, SO, Clay, 10 mm
				9								SM, 10°, PL, RO, Coal, 3 mm
			38									
				10						96		SM, 5°, PL, SO, Clay, 5 mm
			37									
				11		SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, orange/brown to pale grey, distinctly bedded, traces of coal and conglomerate interbeds to 12.9 m	MW					SM, 8°, UN, SO, Coal, 4 mm
			36									SM, 5°, UN, SO, Coal, 4 mm
				12		50 mm pyrite vein at 12.15 m.	SW					
			35			150 mm wide siltstone bed at 12.7 m.						
				13						98		SM, 10°, PL, SO, Clay, 80 mm
			34			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded						
				14								
			33									
				15								
			32							97		
				16								

method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core	core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered	water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular	roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating
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CORED BOREHOLE GEOTCOFH01597AB.GPJ COFFEY.GDT 22.1.08

Form GEO 5.5 Issue 3 Rev. 3

General: PT, 5-13°, PL, RO, CN

Borehole No. **BH5**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 4 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**Date started: **22.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **22.10.2007**Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **WESTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting:P120 CANTER 4wd						Easting: 531105		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 47.2																			
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid:						Northing: 6797994		bearing:		datum: AHD																			
drilling information						material substance						rock mass defects																	
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	defect spacing mm	defect description														
								VL	L	M	H	VH			EH	RQD %	30	100	300	1000	3000	particular	general						
NMLC			31			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded (continued)	SW										>>												
			17			Fine to medium grained from 16.9 m.											SM, 14°, PL, RO, Clay and sand, 60 mm												
			30				FR																						
			18																										
			29																										
			19																										
			28																										
			20																										
			27																										
			21																										
			26																										
			22																										
			25																										
			23																										
			24																										
			24														JT, 60°, IR, RO, CN												
method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core						core-lift casing used barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material no core recovered						water 10/1/98 water level on date shown water inflow partial drill fluid loss complete drill fluid loss water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown						weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high						defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating					
General: PT, 5-13°, PL, RO, CN																													

Borehole No. **BH5**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 5 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **22.10.2007**

Principal:










Date completed: **22.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **WESTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: P120 CANTER 4wd				Easting: 531105		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 47.2											
hole diameter: 100 mm				Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797994		bearing: datum: AHD											
drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects											
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength VL L M H VH EH	Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD % 30 100 300 1000 3000	defect spacing mm	defect description type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness							
NMLC			23			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded (<i>continued</i>)	FR		3.24 3.4										
			25																
			22																
			26																
			21																
			27																
			20			20 mm wide pyrite vein at 27.5 m.													
			28			SILTSTONE: dark grey to grey, laminated with some 20 mm to 100 mm wide fine grained sandstone interbeds, Anisotropic strength: VH strength perpendicular to bedding, L parallel to bedding	SW												
			19																
			29																
			18																
			30																
			17																
			31																
			16			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, grey to pale grey, distinctly bedded, with 20-100 mm wide siltstone interbeds													
			32																
method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core				core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered				water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown				weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high				defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating			

General: PT, 5-13°, PL, RO, CN

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Principal:

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Borehole Location: **WESTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Borehole No. **BH5**

Sheet 6 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Date started: **22.10.2007**

Date completed: **22.10.2007**










Logged by: **ALB**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: P120 CANTER 4wd Easting: 531105 slope: -90° R.L. Surface: 47.2
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid: Northing: 6797994 bearing: datum: AHD

drilling information					material substance								rock mass defects								
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description					
								VL	L	M	H	VH				EH	type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness	particular	general		
NMLC			15			SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, grey to pale grey, distinctly bedded, with 20-100 mm wide siltstone interbeds <i>(continued)</i>								100							
				33		SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded															
			14																		
				34																	
			13																		
				35		Colour change to pale orange and pale grey at 34.5-35.4 m.	MW														
			12																		
				36		Colour change to pale grey at 35.4 m.	SW														
			11																		
				37																	
			10																		
				38																	
		9																			
			39																		
		8																			
			40																		

General: PT, 5-13°, PL, RO, CN

method	core-lift	water	weathering	defect type	roughness
DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core	 casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered	 10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown	FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high	JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular	VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating

Borehole No. **BH5**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Principal:

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Borehole Location: **WESTERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Sheet 7 of 7

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**Date started: **22.10.2007**Date completed: **22.10.2007**

Logged by: **ALB**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting:P120 CANTER 4wd						Easting: 531105		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 47.2													
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid:						Northing: 6797994		bearing:		datum: AHD													
drilling information						material substance				rock mass defects													
method		core-lift		water		RL		depth metres		graphic log core recovery		material		weathering alteration		estimated strength		Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial		defect spacing mm		defect description	
												rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components				VL L M H VH EH				30 100 300 1000 3000		particular general	
NMLC						7		41				SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale grey, distinctly bedded (<i>continued</i>)		SW				D A 4.59 3.85		99			
						6						BH5 terminated at 41.6 due to limit of required investigation. BH5 terminated at 41.6m						D A 5.91 4.82					
						5		42															
						4		43															
						3		44															
						2		45															
						1		46															
						0		47															
								48															
method		diatube		casing used		water		weathering		defect type		roughness											
DT		auger screwing		barrel withdrawn		10/1/98 water level on date shown		FR fresh		JT joint		VR very rough											
AS		auger drilling				water inflow		SW slightly weathered		PT parting		RO rough											
RR		roller/tricone				partial drill fluid loss		MW moderately weathered		SM seam		SO smooth											
CB		claw or blade bit				complete drill fluid loss		HW highly weathered		SZ sheared zone		SL slickensided											
NMLC		NMLC core						XW extremely weathered		SS sheared surface													
NQ, HQ, PQ		wireline core						DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW)		CS crushed seam													
graphic log/core recovery		strength		planarity		coating																	
core recovered		VL very low		PL planar		CN clean																	
- graphic symbols indicate material		L low		CU curved		SN stained																	
no core recovered		M medium		UN undulating		VN veneer																	
		H high		ST stepped		CO coating																	
		VH very high		IR irregular																			
		EH extremely high																					

Borehole No. **BH6**

Engineering Log - Borehole

Sheet 1 of 4
Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **22.10.2007**

Principal:





Date completed: **22.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **SOUTHERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model and mounting: JACRO 6WD		Easting: 531450		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 29.2								
hole diameter: 100 mm		Northing: 6797729		bearing:		datum: AHD								
drilling information				material substance										
method	penetration 1 2 3	support water	notes samples, tests, etc	depth metres	graphic log	classification symbol	material soil type: plasticity or particle characteristics, colour, secondary and minor components.	moisture condition	consistency/ density index	pocket penetro- meter kPa 100 200 300 400	structure and additional observations			
TCAD		CM		29		SP	TOPSOIL: Sand, fine to medium grained. grey to dark grey, with trace of organics and rootlets	M	L		TOPSOIL, COLLUVIAL			
				1			Traces of clay from 0.8 m.							
				28			Borehole BH6 continued as cored hole							
				2										
				27										
				3										
				26										
				4										
				25										
				5										
				24										
				6										
				23										
				7										
				22										
				8										
method AS auger screwing* AD auger drilling* RR roller/tricone W washbore CT cable tool HA hand auger DT diatube B blank bit V V bit T TC bit *bit shown by suffix e.g. ADT			support M mud N nil C casing penetration 1 2 3 4  no resistance ranging to refusal water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  water outflow			notes, samples, tests U ₅₀ undisturbed sample 50mm diameter U ₆₃ undisturbed sample 63mm diameter D disturbed sample N standard penetration test (SPT) N* SPT - sample recovered Nc SPT with solid cone V vane shear (kPa) P pressuremeter Bs bulk sample E environmental sample R refusal			classification symbols and soil description based on unified classification system moisture D dry M moist W wet Wp plastic limit WL liquid limit			consistency/density index VS very soft S soft F firm St stiff VSt very stiff H hard Fb friable VL very loose L loose MD medium dense D dense VD very dense		

Borehole No. **BH6**

Sheet 2 of 4
Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **22.10.2007**













Principal:

Date completed: **22.10.2007**Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **SOUTHERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: JACRO 6WD										Easting: 531450		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 29.2				
hole diameter: 100 mm Drilling fluid:										Northing: 6797729		bearing:		datum: AHD				
drilling information					material substance					rock mass defects								
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength					Is ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	defect spacing mm	defect description			
								VL	L	M	H	VH			EH	RQD %	30	100
			29															
				1		Continued from non-cored borehole												
NMLC			28			SAND: fine to medium grained, with some high plasticity clay and organics Sandy CLAY: medium plasticity, orange and pale grey, very stiff, sand is fine to medium grained pp=270kPa	RS											Core has soil properties from 1 to 3.7 m.
				2		SANDSTONE: fine to medium grained, orange to grey, bedding masked by weathering, remoulds to medium plasticity clayey sand or sand with some clay	HW											
			27															
				3		SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale brown and orange to grey, distinctly bedded												
			26															
				4														
			25															
				5														
		24																
				6			MW											
		23																
				7														
		22																
				8			HW											
method		core-lift		water		weathering		defect type		roughness								
DT	diatube		casing used		10/1/98 water level on date shown	FR	fresh	JT	joint	VR	very rough							
AS	auger screwing		barrel withdrawn		water inflow	SW	slightly weathered	PT	parting	RO	rough							
AD	auger drilling				partial drill fluid loss	MW	moderately weathered	SM	seam	SO	smooth							
RR	roller/tricone				complete drill fluid loss	HW	highly weathered	SZ	sheared zone	SL	slickensided							
CB	claw or blade bit					XW	extremely weathered	SS	sheared surface									
NMLC	NMLC core					DW	distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW)	CS	crushed seam									
NQ, HQ, PQ	wireline core																	
graphic log/core recovery		water pressure test result		strength		planarity		coating										
	core recovered		(lugeons) for depth interval shown	VL	very low	PL	planar	CN	clean									
	- graphic symbols			L	low	CU	curved	SN	stained									
	indicate material			M	medium	UN	undulating	VN	vener									
	no core recovered			H	high	ST	stepped	CO	coating									
				VH	very high	IR	irregular											
				EH	extremely high													

Borehole No. **BH6**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Sheet 3 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **22.10.2007**

Principal:










Date completed: **22.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**

Logged by: **ALB**

Borehole Location: **SOUTHERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: JACRO 6WD				Easting: 531450		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 29.2											
hole diameter: 100 mm				Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797729		bearing: datum: AHD											
drilling information				material substance				rock mass defects											
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components	weathering alteration	estimated strength	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness							
NMLC			21			SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale brown and orange to grey, distinctly bedded (<i>continued</i>) Colour change to orange, pale grey and pink at 8.2 m.	HW		D 0.89 A 3.3	95									
			9																
			20			Some 100 mm width siltstone interbeds from 9.2 m to 11.2 m. pp=400kPa			D 0.09 A 0.04	92									
			10																
			19																
			11			Colour change to pale grey at 11.2 m.	MW		D 4.25 A 5.04										
			18				SW												
			12																
			17						D 4.59 A 5.86	100									
			13																
			16																
			14						D 5.27 A 4.74										
			15																
			15			50 mm width conglomerate bed at 15.3 m.			D 3.91 A 3.87	100									
			14																
			16																
method DT diatube AS auger screwing AD auger drilling RR roller/tricone CB claw or blade bit NMLC NMLC core NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core				core-lift  casing used  barrel withdrawn graphic log/core recovery  core recovered - graphic symbols indicate material  no core recovered				water  10/1/98 water level on date shown  water inflow  partial drill fluid loss  complete drill fluid loss  water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown				weathering FR fresh SW slightly weathered MW moderately weathered HW highly weathered XW extremely weathered DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW) strength VL very low L low M medium H high VH very high EH extremely high				defect type JT joint PT parting SM seam SZ sheared zone SS sheared surface CS crushed seam planarity PL planar CU curved UN undulating ST stepped IR irregular roughness VR very rough RO rough SO smooth SL slickensided coating CN clean SN stained VN veneer CO coating			

General: PT, 8-16°, PL, RO CN

Borehole No. **BH6**

Sheet 4 of 4

Project No: **GEOTALST01597AB**

Engineering Log - Cored Borehole

Client: **CHAMPIONS QUARRY**

Date started: **22.10.2007**

Principal:

Date completed: **22.10.2007**

Project: **RESOURCE ESTIMATE**





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


Borehole Location: **SOUTHERN EXTENT OF PROPOSED QUARRY**

Checked by:

drill model & mounting: JACRO 6WD		Easting: 531450		slope: -90°		R.L. Surface: 29.2						
hole diameter: 100 mm		Drilling fluid:		Northing: 6797729		bearing: datum: AHD						
drilling information			material substance			rock mass defects						
method	core-lift	water	RL	depth metres	graphic log core recovery	material	weathering alteration	estimated strength	IS ₍₅₀₎ MPa D- diam- etral A- axial	RQD %	defect spacing mm	defect description
						rock type; grain characteristics, colour, structure, minor components						type, inclination, planarity, roughness, coating, thickness
NMLC			13			SANDSTONE: fine to coarse grained, pale brown and orange to grey, distinctly bedded (continued)	SW					
			17									
			12			Colour change to orange at 17.2-17.9 m.						
			18				FR					
			11									
			19									
			10			2 x 60 mm width siltstone beds at 19.5 m and 19.8 m.						
			20									
			9									
			21									
			8									
			22			BH6 terminated at 21.95 m due to limit of required investigation. BH6 terminated at 21.95m						
			7									
			23									
			6									
			24									

method
DT diatube
AS auger screwing
AD auger drilling
RR roller/tricone
CB claw or blade bit
NMLC NMLC core
NQ, HQ, PQ wireline core

core-lift
 casing used
 barrel withdrawn
graphic log/core recovery
 core recovered
- graphic symbols indicate material
 no core recovered

water
 10/1/98 water level on date shown
 water inflow
 partial drill fluid loss
 complete drill fluid loss
 water pressure test result (lugeons) for depth interval shown

weathering
FR fresh
SW slightly weathered
MW moderately weathered
HW highly weathered
XW extremely weathered
DW distinctly weathered (covers MW and HW)
strength
VL very low
L low
M medium
H high
VH very high
EH extremely high

defect type
JT joint
PT parting
SM seam
SZ sheared zone
SS sheared surface
CS crushed seam
planarity
PL planar
CU curved
UN undulating
ST stepped
IR irregular
roughness
VR very rough
RO rough
SO smooth
SL slickensided
coating
CN clean
SN stained
VN veneer
CO coating

Soil Description Explanation Sheet (1 of 2)

DEFINITION:

In engineering terms soil includes every type of uncemented or partially cemented inorganic or organic material found in the ground. In practice, if the material can be remoulded or disintegrated by hand in its field condition or in water it is described as a soil. Other materials are described using rock description terms.

CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL & SOIL NAME

Soils are described in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification (UCS) as shown in the table on Sheet 2.

PARTICLE SIZE DESCRIPTIVE TERMS

NAME	SUBDIVISION	SIZE
Boulders		>200 mm
Cobbles		63 mm to 200 mm
Gravel	coarse	20 mm to 63 mm
	medium	6 mm to 20 mm
	fine	2.36 mm to 6 mm
Sand	coarse	600 µm to 2.36 mm
	medium	200 µm to 600 µm
	fine	75 µm to 200 µm

MOISTURE CONDITION

Dry Looks and feels dry. Cohesive and cemented soils are hard, friable or powdery. Uncemented granular soils run freely through hands.

Moist Soil feels cool and darkened in colour. Cohesive soils can be moulded. Granular soils tend to cohere.

Wet As for moist but with free water forming on hands when handled.

CONSISTENCY OF COHESIVE SOILS

TERM	UNDRAINED STRENGTH s_u (kPa)	FIELD GUIDE
Very Soft	<12	A finger can be pushed well into the soil with little effort.
Soft	12 - 25	A finger can be pushed into the soil to about 25mm depth.
Firm	25 - 50	The soil can be indented about 5mm with the thumb, but not penetrated.
Stiff	50 - 100	The surface of the soil can be indented with the thumb, but not penetrated.
Very Stiff	100 - 200	The surface of the soil can be marked, but not indented with thumb pressure.
Hard	>200	The surface of the soil can be marked only with the thumbnail.
Friable	–	Crumbles or powders when scraped by thumbnail.

DENSITY OF GRANULAR SOILS

TERM	DENSITY INDEX (%)
Very loose	Less than 15
Loose	15 - 35
Medium Dense	35 - 65
Dense	65 - 85
Very Dense	Greater than 85

MINOR COMPONENTS

TERM	ASSESSMENT GUIDE	PROPORTION OF MINOR COMPONENT IN:
Trace of	Presence just detectable by feel or eye, but soil properties little or no different to general properties of primary component.	Coarse grained soils: <5% Fine grained soils: <15%
With some	Presence easily detected by feel or eye, soil properties little different to general properties of primary component.	Coarse grained soils: 5 - 12% Fine grained soils: 15 - 30%

SOIL STRUCTURE

ZONING	CEMENTING
Layers Continuous across exposure or sample.	Weakly cemented Easily broken up by hand in air or water.
Lenses Discontinuous layers of lenticular shape.	Moderately cemented Effort is required to break up the soil by hand in air or water.
Pockets Irregular inclusions of different material.	

GEOLOGICAL ORIGIN

WEATHERED IN PLACE SOILS

Extremely weathered material Structure and fabric of parent rock visible.

Residual soil Structure and fabric of parent rock not visible.

TRANSPORTED SOILS

Aeolian soil Deposited by wind.

Alluvial soil Deposited by streams and rivers.

Colluvial soil Deposited on slopes (transported downslope by gravity).

Fill Man made deposit. Fill may be significantly more variable between tested locations than naturally occurring soils.

Lacustrine soil Deposited by lakes.

Marine soil Deposited in ocean basins, bays, beaches and estuaries.







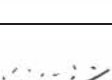

Soil Description Explanation Sheet (2 of 2)

SOIL CLASSIFICATION INCLUDING IDENTIFICATION AND DESCRIPTION

FIELD IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES (Excluding particles larger than 60 mm and basing fractions on estimated mass)					USC	PRIMARY NAME
COARSE GRAINED SOILS More than 50% of materials less than 63 mm is larger than 0.075 mm	GRAVELS More than half of coarse fraction is larger than 2.0 mm	CLEAN GRAVELS (Little or no fines)	Wide range in grain size and substantial amounts of all intermediate particle sizes.		GW	GRAVEL
			Predominantly one size or a range of sizes with more intermediate sizes missing.		GP	GRAVEL
		GRAVELS WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of fines)	Non-plastic fines (for identification procedures see ML below)		GM	SILTY GRAVEL
			Plastic fines (for identification procedures see CL below)		GC	CLAYEY GRAVEL
	SANDS More than half of coarse fraction is smaller than 2.0 mm	CLEAN SANDS (Little or no fines)	Wide range in grain sizes and substantial amounts of all intermediate sizes missing		SW	SAND
			Predominantly one size or a range of sizes with some intermediate sizes missing.		SP	SAND
		SANDS WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of fines)	Non-plastic fines (for identification procedures see ML below).		SM	SILTY SAND
			Plastic fines (for identification procedures see CL below).		SC	CLAYEY SAND
FINE GRAINED SOILS More than 50% of material less than 63 mm is smaller than 0.075 mm (A 0.075 mm particle is about the smallest particle visible to the naked eye)	SILTS & CLAYS Liquid limit less than 50	IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES ON FRACTIONS <0.2 mm.				
		DRY STRENGTH	DILATANCY	TOUGHNESS		
		None to Low	Quick to slow	None	ML	SILT
		Medium to High	None	Medium	CL	CLAY
	SILTS & CLAYS Liquid limit greater than 50	Low to medium	Slow to very slow	Low	OL	ORGANIC SILT
		Low to medium	Slow to very slow	Low to medium	MH	SILT
		High	None	High	CH	CLAY
		Medium to High	None	Low to medium	OH	ORGANIC CLAY
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS	Readily identified by colour, odour, spongy feel and frequently by fibrous texture.			Pt	PEAT	
• Low plasticity – Liquid Limit W _L less than 35%. • Medium plasticity – W _L between 35% and 50%.						

• Low plasticity – Liquid Limit W_L less than 35%. • Medium plasticity – W_L between 35% and 50%.

COMMON DEFECTS IN SOIL

TERM	DEFINITION	DIAGRAM	TERM	DEFINITION	DIAGRAM
PARTING	A surface or crack across which the soil has little or no tensile strength. Parallel or sub parallel to layering (eg bedding). May be open or closed.		SOFTENED ZONE	A zone in clayey soil, usually adjacent to a defect in which the soil has a higher moisture content than elsewhere.	
JOINT	A surface or crack across which the soil has little or no tensile strength but which is not parallel or sub parallel to layering. May be open or closed. The term 'fissure' may be used for irregular joints <0.2 m in length.		TUBE	Tubular cavity. May occur singly or as one of a large number of separate or inter-connected tubes. Walls often coated with clay or strengthened by denser packing of grains. May contain organic matter	
SHEARED ZONE	Zone in clayey soil with roughly parallel near planar, curved or undulating boundaries containing closely spaced, smooth or slickensided, curved intersecting joints which divide the mass into lenticular or wedge shaped blocks.		TUBE CAST	Roughly cylindrical elongated body of soil different from the soil mass in which it occurs. In some cases the soil which makes up the tube cast is cemented.	
SHEARED SURFACE	A near planar curved or undulating, smooth, polished or slickensided surface in clayey soil. The polished or slickensided surface indicates that movement (in many cases very little) has occurred along the defect.		INFILLED SEAM	Sheet or wall like body of soil substance or mass with roughly planar to irregular near parallel boundaries which cuts through a soil mass. Formed by infilling of open joints.	

Rock Description Explanation Sheet (1 of 2)

The descriptive terms used by Coffey are given below. They are broadly consistent with Australian Standard AS1726-1993.

DEFINITIONS: Rock substance, defect and mass are defined as follows:

Rock Substance In engineering terms rock substance is any naturally occurring aggregate of minerals and organic material which cannot be disintegrated or remoulded by hand in air or water. Other material is described using soil descriptive terms. Effectively homogenous material, may be isotropic or anisotropic.

Defect Discontinuity or break in the continuity of a substance or substances.

Mass Any body of material which is not effectively homogeneous. It can consist of two or more substances without defects, or one or more substances with one or more defects.

SUBSTANCE DESCRIPTIVE TERMS:

ROCK NAME Simple rock names are used rather than precise geological classification.

PARTICLE SIZE Grain size terms for sandstone are:
Coarse grained Mainly 0.6mm to 2mm
Medium grained Mainly 0.2mm to 0.6mm
Fine grained Mainly 0.06mm (just visible) to 0.2mm

FABRIC Terms for layering of penetrative fabric (eg. bedding, cleavage etc.) are:

Massive No layering or penetrative fabric.

Indistinct Layering or fabric just visible. Little effect on properties.

Distinct Layering or fabric is easily visible. Rock breaks more easily parallel to layering of fabric.

CLASSIFICATION OF WEATHERING PRODUCTS

Term	Abbreviation	Definition
Residual Soil	RS	Soil derived from the weathering of rock; the mass structure and substance fabric are no longer evident; there is a large change in volume but the soil has not been significantly transported.
Extremely Weathered Material	XW	Material is weathered to such an extent that it has soil properties, ie, it either disintegrates or can be remoulded in water. Original rock fabric still visible.
Highly Weathered Rock	HW	Rock strength is changed by weathering. The whole of the rock substance is discoloured, usually by iron staining or bleaching to the extent that the colour of the original rock is not recognisable. Some minerals are decomposed to clay minerals. Porosity may be increased by leaching or may be decreased due to the deposition of minerals in pores.
Moderately Weathered Rock	MW	The whole of the rock substance is discoloured, usually by iron staining or bleaching, to the extent that the colour of the fresh rock is no longer recognisable.
Slightly Weathered Rock	SW	Rock substance affected by weathering to the extent that partial staining or partial discolouration of the rock substance (usually by limonite) has taken place. The colour and texture of the fresh rock is recognisable; strength properties are essentially those of the fresh rock substance.
Fresh Rock	FR	Rock substance unaffected by weathering.

Notes on Weathering:

- AS1726 suggests the term "Distinctly Weathered" (DW) to cover the range of substance weathering conditions between XW and SW. For projects where it is not practical to delineate between HW and MW or it is judged that there is no advantage in making such a distinction. DW may be used with the definition given in AS1726.
- Where physical and chemical changes were caused by hot gasses and liquids associated with igneous rocks, the term "altered" may be substituted for "weathering" to give the abbreviations XA, HA, MA, SA and DA.


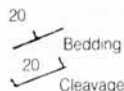



















ROCK SUBSTANCE STRENGTH TERMS

Term	Abbreviation	Point Load Index, I_{s50} (MPa)	Field Guide
Very Low	VL	Less than 0.1	Material crumbles under firm blows with sharp end of pick; can be peeled with a knife; pieces up to 30mm thick can be broken by finger pressure.
Low	L	0.1 to 0.3	Easily scored with a knife; indentations 1mm to 3mm show with firm bows of a pick point; has a dull sound under hammer. Pieces of core 150mm long by 50mm diameter may be broken by hand. Sharp edges of core may be friable and break during handling.
Medium	M	0.3 to 1.0	Readily scored with a knife; a piece of core 150mm long by 50mm diameter can be broken by hand with difficulty.
High	H	1 to 3	A piece of core 150mm long by 50mm can not be broken by hand but can be broken by a pick with a single firm blow; rock rings under hammer.
Very High	VH	3 to 10	Hand specimen breaks after more than one blow of a pick; rock rings under hammer.
Extremely High	EH	More than 10	Specimen requires many blows with geological pick to break; rock rings under hammer.

Notes on Rock Substance Strength:

- In anisotropic rocks the field guide to strength applies to the strength perpendicular to the anisotropy. High strength anisotropic rocks may break readily parallel to the planar anisotropy.
- The term "extremely low" is not used as a rock substance strength term. While the term is used in AS1726-1993, the field guide therein makes it clear that materials in that strength range are soils in engineering terms.
- The unconfined compressive strength for isotropic rocks (and anisotropic rocks which fall across the planar anisotropy) is typically 10 to 25 times the point load index (I_{s50}). The ratio may vary for different rock types. Lower strength rocks often have lower ratios than higher strength rocks.

Rock Description Explanation Sheet (2 of 2)

COMMON DEFECTS IN ROCK MASSES			DEFECT SHAPE		TERMS
Term	Definition	Diagram	Map Symbol	Graphic Log (Note 1)	The defect does not vary in orientation
Parting	A surface or crack across which the rock has little or no tensile strength. Parallel or sub parallel to layering (eg bedding) or a planar anisotropy in the rock substance (eg, cleavage). May be open or closed.				<p>Planar</p> <p>Curved The defect has a gradual change in orientation</p> <p>Undulating The defect has a wavy surface</p> <p>Stepped The defect has one or more well defined steps</p>
Joint	A surface or crack across which the rock has little or no tensile strength, but which is not parallel or sub parallel to layering or planar anisotropy in the rock substance. May be open or closed.				<p>Irregular The defect has many sharp changes of orientation</p> <p>Note: The assessment of defect shape is partly influenced by the scale of the observation.</p>
Sheared Zone (Note 3)	Zone of rock substance with roughly parallel near planar, curved or undulating boundaries cut by closely spaced joints, sheared surfaces or other defects. Some of the defects are usually curved and intersect to divide the mass into lenticular or wedge shaped blocks.				<p>ROUGHNESS TERMS</p> <p>Slickensided Grooved or striated surface, usually polished</p> <p>Polished Shiny smooth surface</p> <p>Smooth Smooth to touch. Few or no surface irregularities</p> <p>Rough Many small surface irregularities (amplitude generally less than 1mm). Feels like fine to coarse sand paper.</p>
Sheared Surface (Note 3)	A near planar, curved or undulating surface which is usually smooth, polished or slickensided.				<p>Very Rough Many large surface irregularities (amplitude generally more than 1mm). Feels like, or coarser than very coarse sand paper.</p>
Crushed Seam (Note 3)	Seam with roughly parallel almost planar boundaries, composed of disoriented, usually angular fragments of the host rock substance which may be more weathered than the host rock. The seam has soil properties.				<p>COATING TERMS</p> <p>Clean No visible coating</p> <p>Stained No visible coating but surfaces are discoloured</p> <p>Veneer A visible coating of soil or mineral, too thin to measure; may be patchy</p>
Infilled Seam	Seam of soil substance usually with distinct roughly parallel boundaries formed by the migration of soil into an open cavity or joint, infilled seams less than 1mm thick may be described as veneer or coating on joint surface.				<p>Coating A visible coating up to 1mm thick. Thicker soil material is usually described using appropriate defect terms (eg, infilled seam). Thicker rock strength material is usually described as a vein.</p>
Extremely Weathered Seam	Seam of soil substance, often with gradational boundaries. Formad by weathering of the rock substance in place.				<p>BLOCK SHAPE TERMS</p> <p>Blocky Approximately equidimensional</p> <p>Tabular Thickness much less than length or width</p> <p>Columnar Height much greate than cross section</p>
<p>Notes on Defects:</p> <p>1. Usually borehole logs show the true dip of defects and face sketches and sections the apparent dip.</p> <p>2. Partings and joints are not usually shown on the graphic log unless considered significant.</p> <p>3. Sheared zones, sheared surfaces and crushed seams are faults in geological terms.</p>					